of Mr. Clay's "omnibus bill," as the series of acts not only as a member of the Democratic party, but presented by the committee of thirteen were called. because from the bottom of my heart I do really be-The report of that committee was made on the 8th lieve-there is no selection that could be made that of May, 1850, and was accompanied by the follow- is better calculated to promote the happiness of the ing bills, and none other, (Senate journal, page land and advance the great cause of human liberty.

tern boundaries."

of Columbia." ed separately, as follows:

1. THE BILL PROVIDING A TERRITORIAL GOVERNty-seven to eighty-five.

eight to ninety-seven.

hundred and fifty to fifty-six.

hundred and eight to ninety seven.

without passing the other measures involving slave- our political adversaries shall prevail no longer. ry, it would doubtless have pursued that policy, which would have been the Taylor policy, only modsimilar to the New Mexican bill.

regarded by all, except the abolitionists of the north a particle of fear of compunction. and Mr. Seward's higher-law followers, as a part of the Compromise, and a portion, as it were, of a treaty of peace and amity between the different sections of the Confederacy. But the men who nominated General Scott for the Presidency refused to consider it in that light. They made open war upon it; and in their State Conventions they affirmed that it was no more sacred than any other isolated act of ordinary legislation, and could be modified or repealed without a breach of good faith. All the State Conventions which brought forward Gen. Scott took that ground, and they used the name of Gen. Scott to sustain them in their warfare with the administration, which was waged because the administration regarded the fugitive slave law as a part of the compromise - a part of the settlement of our difficulties. Mr. Seward and his followers did not pretend that they had any other cause of quarrel with Mr. Fillmore and Mr. Webster than that furnished by the course they pursued with regard to the fugitive slave law; and never in military or civil contests do men select as their leader one who is a foe to their cause. If Gen. Scott was not an enemy of the fugitive slave law, and to that extent an enemy to the compromise measures, he must have deceived the abolition whigs, and obtained a nomination from them by false pretences. If he sustains all the measures of the Compromise, then he has been induced, by selfish motives of personal aggrandizement, to league with the enemies of his principles to break down an administration which conscience approved

Hon. A. W. Venable, of North Carolina.

This distinguished member of Congress addressed a large meeting at Richmond, Virginia, on Thursday. The Richmond Enquirer states that the audience was crowded, that Mr. Venable was listened to with breathless and unabated attention for nearly two hours, and that his elequent remarks made a deep impression on his hearers, which will not fail to be

The democratic members of Congress are returning to their constituents full of zeal and hope. At every stopping-place they are invited to address meetings of the democracy, united and enthusiastic. The whig members, on the other hand, are speeding home, disheartened and despondent, alive to the divisions in their party, and contemplating an unavoidable defeat. They do not stop on their journey to commune with their friends; but they pass on silently and gloomily, brooding over the evil practices District of New York, in the place of Alfred Conk- from the loss of hogs, and sheep, was likewise very by which the whig party has forfeited the public re- ling, resigned. spect. They see, when it is too late, that deception will at last be detected, and that an honest policy can alone triumph in an intelligent and virtuous nation .- Washington Union.

The remarkable bill drawn up in '44, for enactment, by Gen. Scott, as is well known, proposed to exclude from the right of suffrage all persons who happen to be born out of the limits of the United States, except such as were "able bodied males. of at least seventeen years of age," who shall faithfully serve at least two years in time of war in the army of the United States.

foreigners in 1844—and his idea of the proper qual- constitution contained an unjust and illiberal appor- Sally Evans, had been arraigned on an indictment for ification of an American freeman .- Democrat.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2 .- A great procession took place here last night in honor of the anniversary of he death of Gen. Lopez and the Cuban victims.

Democracy of California.

The Democracy of the Golden State appear to be Although two years have not elapsed since the fully aroused, and we have every confidence that her passage of the Compromise measures, we find that maiden vote will be given to Pierce and King. Meetthe Scott party in the South is endeavoring to de ings are being held throughout the State, and the ceive the people with regard to them. This line of Democracy are making every effort for victory. The conduct is called for by the exigencies of General California papers give an account of a large meeting Scott's position, and the unwillingness of the south- at San Faancisco, where spirited speeches were deern whigs to sustain him without an express decla- livered; among others, we find a sketch of the brief ration of adherence to the fugitive slave law. The but eloquent remarks of Ex-Governor Smith, late of

Ex-Governor Smith was observed on the platform, acted at the same time, and then, after asserting and was called upon to speak. After a few prefatothat Gen. Scott sustained that Compromise, they af- ry remarks, he said : We have met here, this evefirm that he is in favor of the fugitive slave law .- | ning, as a portion of the great Democratic Conven-This is a falsification of history, and we are sorry tion which recently closed i's labors in the city of to see that the whig candidate has lent his counte- Baltimore. In this commingling of love and gratitude, I cheerfully and cordially participate. I am The fugitive slave law did not constitute a portion happy to announce to this assemblage-and I do it than that of Gen. Pierce. (Cheers.) I have not " A bill to admit California as a State into the the honor or the pleasure of an intimate personal ac-Union, to establish territorial governments for Utah | quaintance with Genral Pierce, but I know him. I and New Mexico, and making proposals to Texas had the honor of occupying a position in one branch for the establishment of her western and northwes- of Congress when he held one in the other. I formed with him an acquaintance, not intimate, but suf-"A lill to suppress the slave-trade in the District ficiently so to make me respect him, and to enable me to bear testimony in his favor on this occasion. These were the measures which were known as It has been my fortune to be acquainted with many the adjustment or compromise measures at the time of the statesmen of New Hampshire-with Levi General Scott committed himself in favor of the Woodbury, with Governor Hubbard, and others-Compromise. All the measures embraced in the and I am happy to say that General Pierce will do first bill mentioned above were stricken out by the full justice to the selection that has been made .-Senate except that which proposed a territorial gov- Franklin Pierce is a man of consumate ability .ernment for Utah; and the compromise measures, Take that for granted, no matter what you may embracing the fugitive-slave law and the abolition hear to the contrary. He is pure in his private of the slave-trade in the District of Columbia, pass- character. You may take that too, as granted, and lay it up in your heart as a treasure to be protected. But this is not all. Franklin Pierce is a man who

MENT FOR UTAH passed the Senate July 31, 1850, by has known no variation. His democracy has never a vote of thirty-two to eighteen. It passed the House been questioned, never has changed, and he will of Representatives, September 7th, by a vote of nine- wear it without blot or blemish. This gentleman, presented to you by the Democracy, was brought 2. THE TEXAS BOUNDARY BILL passed the Senate before the convention by the delegates from that August 10, 1850, by a vote of thirty to twenty. It State, whence I am happy to say, I came. (Hurrah passed the House of Representatives, with the New for old Virginny !- laughter.) It was Virginia that Mexican territorial bill attached to it as an amend- brought him forward. (More applause.) It was ment, September 6th, by a vote of one hundred and that dear old State in which I first drew the breath of life, where I passed the prime of my days, where 3. THE BILL FOR THE ADMISSION OF CALIFORNIA I have clustered every association and every feeling passed the Senate August 13, 1850, by a vote of thir- that is dear to me; it was Virginia that brought him ty-four to eighteen. It passed the House of Repre- forward. I pray you to excuse me while I call atsentatives on the 7th of September by a vote of one tention to the fact that on the 35th ballot, the Virginia delegates came forward voluntarily, of their 4. THE BILL PROVIDING A TERRITORIAL GOVERN- own accord, and without pre-concert, without ar-MENT FOR NEW MEXICO passed the Senate August rangement, without expectation on the part of any 15, 1850, by a vote of twenty-seven to ten. It pass- one, and cast fifteen votes for Franklin Pierce. ed the House, as an amendment to the Texas bound- (Cheers.) Fellow-citizens, the next vote gave Frankary bill, on the 6th of September, by a vote of one lin Pierce but twenty-nine, and successive ballots took place until the States came in, and on the 49th 5. The fugitive-slave Bill passed the Senate ballot, he was proclaimed to the democracy of the August 23, 1850, by a vote of twenty-seven to twelve. | country as their choice for President of the United It passed the House of Representatives on the 12th States. (Loud applause.) Allow me to ask you of September, by a vote of one hundred and nine to this, what is he recommended to you for ? His antecedents are spotless. He is a sound democrat-is 6. THE BILL TO SUPPRESS THE SLAVE-TRADE IN THE of illustrious ancestry-in a word, he has antece-DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA passed the Senate September dents which will carry him successfully and trium-16, 1850, by a vote of thirty-three to nineteen. It phantly into the Presidency of this Union as the en passed the House of Representatives on the 27th of dorsement of the great democratic family through September, by a vote of one hundred and twenty- their National Convention. Let me give you this assurance, on which you may rely-that if you elect The policy of Gen. Taylor's administration urged him President of the United States, you will have a the separate admission of California as a State, with- sound, solid, straight forward, upright and thoroughout taking any action with regard to the other sub- ly democratic President. (Loud and long applause.) jects of difficulty mentioned. In the last days of that With him as President of the United States, you administration a serious danger arose between Texas | will have an upright man, and a straight forward and the authorities of the United States in New foreign American policy. (Applause) We shall Mexico, relative to the extent of the territory and be able to sit down at home under our own vine and jurisdiction of Texas. That difficulty wore a most fig tree, and have none to make us afraid. (Cheers.) frowning aspect when Mr. Fillmore came into pow- We shall carry our stars and stripes. (in peace er, and he imprudently adopted Gen. Taylor's poli- would trust for ever, but in tones of thunder if necy with regard to it. But he soon saw the danger cessary.) spreading American liberty and human which menaced his administration, and used all his rights to the utmost bounds of the earth. (Great influence to settle the Texas boundary before a col-lision should take place in New Mexico. Had it before you, and do your duty. (More applause.) been possible for the whig party to have admitted Come up to this duty for your country and for your-California and settled the Texas boundary question | selves, and manfully determine that the humbug of

ified by the difficulty with Texas. There were indi- nominee for Vice President. He is from the summy cations that such was the desire of the administra- South. I know him well love him dearly, and am tion; and, to defeat that policy, the New Mexican proud to be called one of his friends. To be sure. territorial bill was affixed as an amendment to the he has never brought a woman to his bosom, (laugh-Texas boundary bill, thereby forcing the northern | ter,) but he is, nevertheless, kind and attractive in friends of Mr. Fillmore to aid in excluding the Wil- his disposition, and is in every respect qualified for mot proviso from the territorial bill and aid in its the position to which we are about to call him .passage, in order to relieve him from the blunder he Let me tell you that he likewise is one who would had committed with regard to Texas. The Wilmot | worthily fill the office of President, should it be the proviso being thus disposed of, there was no difficul- unhappy fortune of General Pierce to be gathered ty the next day in passing the Utah bill, which was to his fathers. But there need be no such apprehension entertained; Democratic Presidents never die. After the protracted struggle which terminated (Great outbreaks of applause.) Fellow citizens, this on the sixth of September, 1850, the majority in the House of Representatives determined to regard each God knows I don't rejoice at it.) on two occasions. of the measures relating to slavery as constituting a and it seems to be the will of Heaven to turn that part of a system of settlement, and to enact them. Mr. which is accomplished unfairly into dust and ashes. Fillmore hesitated when the fugitive slave law was But I did not come here to discuss theories. I came presented for his signature, and he submitted it to the here in the fullness of my heart, to stretch out my New Jersey, belonging to the Coast Survey, made Attorney General for an opinion as to its constitu- hand to cry aloud and spare not. I came here to Mr. Crittenden considered it in confor- unite my gratitude with yours, in having a candimity with the constitution, and the President at- date before us, in support of whom every Democrat tached his signature to it. Since then it has been can go to the polls and record his suffrages without

Most Melancholy and Shocking Accident.

Dr. Murdoch McNair, of Tippah, came to his death, some weeks since, in a most singular and shocking manner. It appears, from the particulars which have been kindly forwarded us by a friend, that the Doctor went out a hunting about 10 o'clock in the morning of the day of his death, and when he was returning home in the afternoon, he discovered to the earth, shortly afterwards expired. Afterwards sissipprace all well. -what is a most singular and remarkable occurrence-his own dogs returned and eat a hole in his breast! and when his remains were found, they presented a mutilated and most awful appearance. Dr. McNair was a native of North Carolina, and has many relatives and friends residing in this section of Mississippi. He was a most excellent physician, and was highly esteemed in the community in which he lived, as an honest man and a most estimable member of society. The distressing and painful manner of his death has thrown a gloom and sorrow over his family and friends, which time will never dispel .- Paulding, Miss., Clarion, 21st ult.

Appointments by the President, By and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Samuel D. Hubbard, of Connecticut, to be Post-have been very great. In the fields below Augusta master General of the United States, in the place of we understand, the water stood from one to five feet with 31 bales cotton, 42 do. sheeting, 14 do. yarn, 697 bbls.

Chadbourn & Hooper.

Brig Buena Vista. Wines, for New York, by Geo. Harriss, 200 do in lots, 43½ a 44. cash: 1000 North County Common with 31 bales cotton, 42 do. sheeting, 14 do. yarn, 697 bbls.

Rosin, \$1 30, affoat; 100 New-Berne, \$1 40, delivered; 300 N. K. Hall, resigned.

SUPERVISING INSPECTORS OF STEAMBOATS. Robert L. Stevens, of New York. Samuel Hall, of Boston, Massachusetts. Hiram Barton, of Buffalo, New York. Davis Embree, of St. Louis, Missouri. Benjamin Crawford, of Pittsburg, Penn. John Shallcross, of Louisville, Kentucky. Peyton H. Skipwith, of New Orleans, La. John Murray, of Baltimore, Maryland.

George W. Dole, of Chicago, Illinois ANOTHER DODGE .- Horace Greely now excuses the whigs for voting against the amendment to the consti- to the 26th August. The yellow fever was raging tution of New Hampshire, which abolished the reli- among the French troops at Martinique. At Barba-This was the extent of Gen. Scott's liberality to gious test, on the ground that another section of the does, Philep Devans, master of the American schooner tionment for senators and representatives. So they killing a negro, but his trial had been postponed. voted against the whole, This is the last dodge.

for they never apply their sermons to themselves.

The following lines have been sent to us with a request that they appear in the Journal:

Oh, cooney, cooney Scott,
Come listen to my song,
You've played the "fuss and feathers" game A little bit too long.
Chorus—Alas, poor cooney Scott,
'Tis too late in the day:
You never can be President We hear the people say.

You think with Seward for your friend, You nothing have to fear; But the North will fire into your front, And the South into your rear.

With hat and feather, boots and spurs, You cut a mighty swell, And when with indignation fired, Strange stories you can tell.

The right of suffrage you'll put off Twenty years or such a matter, Or let the poor not vote at all, Inclining to the latter.

Oh, cooney, cooney Scott, Your diet's sadly changed, From roast beef down to hasty soup-Your stomach is deranged. Your platform and your principles,

Are like your higher law; The constitution it declares Is but a thing of straw. To powder, "fuss and feathers,"

The God-like Dan must stoop, Great intellect and statesmanship Are laid aside for soup. The Compromise and Webster.

Upon the shelf you've laid, And Millard Fillmore kicked the beam, When in the balance weighed. Greely upon the platform spits With wrath and indignation ;

Yet says unto the Southern Whigs, Stand by our nomination. For forty years this government, Has paid you lots of money, And now you would be President The thing looks rather funny.

Then clear the track old boots and spurs, You're making too much fuss; That Herald letter caves you in, Though signed "Americus." Come flap your wings and crow aloud,

Old cock-a-doodle-doo Then beat the drum and muster up. And when they make you President,

You'll eat soup with a spoon, From a "hasty plate" which you can get, Of the man that's in the moon The Emp're boys are moving now, We cannot stop to talk; Until we're sure that Pience and King,

Will in the White House walk. This same old coon that looks so fat, How often have we slain, And when we think him dead and gone,

Then up he pops again! Then fire away my Empire boys, Let's give him one pull more; Remember how we laid him out, In eighteen forty-four.

Come Democrats and shout with us, And make the welkin ring,
For the Union and the Compromise—
Hurrah for PIERCE AND KING. Alas, poor cooney, &c.

Later advices from Havana, published amongst issued at Havana, and the arrest of the publishers. The new crops of sugar nearly gathered. We, however, have seen it stated that Don Jose Luna was the editor, and that he had his printing office in the rear of a small segar store, within fifty at New York .- Charleston Courier.

Further from Havana-No Passengers Allowed to Land_American Papers Prohibited.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 6. Passengers by the Crescent City, at this port from Havana, report that when the steamship reached that and 7 months. port, a guard was immediately sent on board by the Governor General, and all passengers were prohibited The Government has strictly forbidden the further

circulation of American newspapers on the Island. FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE REINDEER DISAS-TER.—SAUGERTIES, Sept. 6th.—Up to 5 o'clock this band and three children, with a large circle of friends, to morning the total number of deaths by the explosion of the Reindeer was 32, and two or three others are

very low and expected to die. Among those saved are John Taylor, of Philadelphia; Wm. H. Lawson and wife, of the same place; Mr. Hamilton Parelim and three ladies, of Charleston, S. C., and Mr. Patrick and wife, of New York. Mr. Wood Baker, of his will yesterday. He is fatally injured. Hugh Riley, of Richmond, Va., since dead, made his will vesteray, leaving his estate to his relatives in Richmend. The Coroner commenced holding an inquest Russell & Co.; with mdze.

7-U. S. Mail Steamer C. Vanderbilt, Sterett, fm Charlesyesterday and is proceeding to-day. The accident 7-U. S. Mail Steamer was caused by a defect in the boiler. The boat was ton, with 56 passengers. owned by Jas. Bishop & Co.

During the month just closed, 397 ships arrived at New York, bringing 36,563 passengers. The total tonnage of these ships was 173.304.

RETURN OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—The United States to E. J. Lutterloh, Steadman, from Fayetteville steam frigate Mississtppi, Capt. Wm. J. McCluney, bearing the broad pennant of Commodore Perry, resomething in a sink hole, which are common in the bearing the broad pennant of Commodore Perry, resection of country where he resided. He immediate- turned to New York on Wednesday, after a short and with 49 passengers. ly dismounted from his horse, and placed his gun active service of thirty-two days. During her abagainst a log which was laying near by, as it is con- sence the Mississippi has visited Eastport, St. John, ballast, to J. & D. McRae & Co. jectured from the marks which were subsequently (N. B.,) Halifax, the Magdalen Island, and other ports Worth. discovered about the place. It was also apparent of the shores of British America and the Gulf of St. that he again re mounted, and riding up to the log Lawrence. Commodore Perry was despatched to terloh; with boat Odd Fellow in tow. on which his gun was laying, he evidently stooped these coasts by the President to investigate the cirdown and took hold of it by the muzzle, and endeav- cumstances attending the recent seizure of some fishing oring to rest the breech upon the log in order to get vessels belong to the United States by British cruisers. D. Cazaux. better hold, it slipped off, broke one of the hammers, He held conferences on this subject with Sir George and the other went off and lodged the contents of the | F. Seymour, the English Admiral, with the Governor Harriss; with maze. barrel in his right breast, setting his coat on fire, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and other public and his horse wheeling suddenly round, he of course officers. Doubtless the explanations given at these fell to the ground. The unfortunate man, strug-gling, as it were, in the very jaws of death, succeed-tion given to the Commodore, and the officers of the Marseilles, by Adams, Bro. & Co.; with timber and lumber. ed in pulling off his coat and vest, and laying them ship, at the ports they visited was of the most cordial down, they were consumed by fire. He also had and friendly character. During her cruise the Mis- & Co.; with naval stores. strength and presence of mind enough to unbutton sissippi saw nearly 500 sails of fishing vessels, and his shirt and tear it open in front, and then sinking boarded a number. The officers and crew of the Mis-

THE FLOODS AND THE CROPS .- We are informed have no yet been felt to any great extent by the Rice rosin, 5 bbls. pitch, 2 spars. ces they are working extra time-harvesting during Russell & Co.; with cotton, lumber, &c. a general hope prevailing, that the water will not rise as high, here, in proportion, as in the up-country. It set & Brown. has now been several years since there has been such a flood in the river. The water in the swamps and lakes is very low; so that there is great room for the torrent to exhaust itself before reaching the point where serious damage may be done.

The injury to the Corn crops, above, however, must deep. In some localities the ears of corn were com- rosin, 542 do. spirits turpentine. Nathan K. Hall, of New York, to be Judge of the pletely submerged from one to three days. Of course ton, with 54 pas District Court of the United States for the Northern | the destruction was complete. The damage sustained great. One gentleman we have heard of below Augusta, estimates his loss in corn at 20,000, another at 10,-000, a third at 12,000 bushels. Fortunately, the crops upon the uplands are unusually fine, so that the country at large will not suffer as seriously as is generally anticipated. We are not convinced yet that the destruction is sufficiently great to occasion an advance of the Female Department.

Terms of Tuition, per session of five months. in prices .- Sav. Cour., 3d.

From the West Indies.

Boston, Sept. 4 -- By the arrival of the propeller Levantine, at Halifax, from Bermuda, we have dates

Many preach, and but few practice what they preach. New York, Sept. 6 -Messrs. Collyer and others, owners, and the officers of the Henry Clay, have been admitted to bail, in the sum of \$10,000 each.

The Hare and the Tortolse.

Old Esop tells among his many other stories, one about a race between the Hare and the Tortoise. It doubtless seemed at that period of the world, as it would now, presumptuous in the tortoise to challenge the hare, since the latter was known to be nimble of foot. But every body knows how the thing came out-the hare made a swift start-took a nap after he got ahead of his antagonist-was outstripped during his sleep, and arrived too late at the goal.

We may possibly find a commentary on these proceedings in the result of the impending elections .-From the moment Gen. Scott's name was mentioned as the Whig nominee, the Democrats grounded their arms and went to sleep. Every body said it is impossible to elect a man whose file-leader is the rankest Abolitionist at the North, Seward-whose chief organ is the New York Tribune, saturated with all the foul isms of the day, and sustained by Thurlow Weed as a lieutenant, with William Lloyd Garrison and Fred. Douglas the nigger, bringing up the rear. But effort and resolution will often accomplish what intelligence, virtue, patriotism and confidence in truth fail to

The great majority of the Whig party, finding that they were obliged to coalesce in the nomination of Gen. Scott, after it had once been made, began to put forth the most heroic and tremendous exertions, well knowing that nothing short of Herculean efforts could give a sight of a chance Consequently we heard without surprise the announcement, that a collossal national mass meeting was to be held at Niagara, the scene of one of Gen. Scott's victories, and from every part of the country, the radical and fanatical Whig papers sounded forth the clarion blast, associating in the popular mind the achievements of the American army during the war with England, with the name of Gen. Scott, and associating his name with that everlasting cataract of waters which has excited the surprise and the veneration of mankind. Although this great meeting was a failure, and every attempt made in every part of the country to lash up the judical excitement of the Whigs has been ineffectual, still millions of money are deposited in banks ready to be offered as a reward for every lie that can be told-for every invention the fancy can produce-for every detraction that malice can invent, to manufacture materials for belief, and to stir and inflame the passions of the multi-

And yet the Democratic party of the United States, have, from the moment Gen. Scott's name was anaounced, been perfectly convinced that he never could be President, that they have sat down to a doze under the hedge, while the tortoise is digging faithfully on his track, and by fair means or foul it is possible that this vile reptile may still win the goal: . Democrats, if you love the Constitution that Washington uttered his solemn oath over-if you admire the heroic and noble conduct of Cass, Houston, Dickinson and all the other great lights of the party in the Congress of 1850 if you love the institutions of the land in which you live-if you care anything for the faith of our fathers that was plighted over the grave of despotism when they planted the everlasting amaranth of Domocratic liberty, start from your lethargy—tell the peo-ple of this country the honest truth, and then let them and Turpentine about 10 a 15 cents per barrel—and for nago and meet the issue .- Herald of the Union.

Havana NEW ORLEANS, Sept 5 .- The damage by the earthquake at Santiago is estimated at one and a half mil-

lions of dollars. Sixteen lives were lost. People sought refuge on vessels in the harbor. The barque Millandru has arrived from Havana. It is said that about four hundred offenders have been our telegraphic intelligence this morning, mention arrested altogether, many of whom were to be garotthe suppression of the Revolutionary Journal lately | ted. The yellow fever still prevails. Business dull.

Worms! Worms!

Various theories have been started relative to the origin vards of the palace of the Captain General. The of intestinal worms, and yet the question is still a vexed one brothers of Sr. Luna were arrested for having muni- among medical authorities. Of one fact, however, all are tions of war in their houses, when Don Jose thought | informed, and in which all agree - the fatal nature of the inthat it was time for him to fly to the United States. | fluence they exert on children. At this season of the year Accordingly he took his small press to pieces and the attacks of worms are most frequent as well as most danpacked it with his type, and a portion of his edition gerous. We take great pleasure in directing the attention already worked off, into a coffin, which was buried in of parents to the Vermifuge of D. M'Lane. It is one of the most a cemetery outside the walls of the city. He then extraordinary medicines ever introduced to the public, and took passage in the Cresent City, and arrived safely has never failed of success when tried. For sale by

WM. II. LIPPITT'S, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C. Also, by Druggists and Dealers generally.

In this town, on the 6th inst., Louisa Catharine, eldest laughter of James G. and Mary Anna Burr, aged 9 years In this town, on the 2d inst., Mrs. Susan E. Koonge, wife of E. F. B. Koonee, aged 27 years, 7 months, 11 days.
In Horry District, S. C., on the 31st of July, Dexter B.

Bell, formerly of Ouslow co., N. C.
In Conwayboro', S. C., on the 4th instant, Mrs. Ann R.
Bruton, consort of Mr. John D. Bruton, aged 23 years, 5 months and 14 days, after a long and protracted illness, which she bore with great fortitude, and died in the full hope

mourn her death.—Com.

At Westbrook's P. O., Bladen county, N. C., on the 3d inst., Sarau Maultsbr, daughter of W. L. and Sarah F. Jones, aged 2 years, 1 month and 5 days.

Marine Intelligence. PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CAROLINA.

Sept. 6-Sehr. Adele, Mandeuil, from New York, to J. H. lanner; with mdze. 7-Br. Barque Soutk Esk, Softley, from Newport, to J. & D. McRae & Co.; with iron for W. & M. R. R. Schr. A. J. DeRosset, Furman, from New York, to De-Rosset & Brown; with mdze. Schr. Daeotah, Mankin, from New York, to Freeman & Housson; with mdze.

U. S. Mail Steamer Wilmington, Smith, from Charleston 8.-Three masted Brig Carbon, Keen, from Boston, in Steamer Gov. Graham, Hurt, from Fayetteville, to T. C. Steamer Rowan, McRae, from Fayetteville, to E. J. Lut-

Schr. Jonas Smith, Turner, from New York, to Miles Costin: with mdzo. Steamer Southerner, Wilkinson, from Fayetteville, to A. 9-Sehr. Julia, VanGilder, from Philadelphia, to George 9-U. S. Mail Steamer Gov. Dudley, Bates, from Charleston, with 45 passengers. CLEARED.

Brig Geo. L. Abbott, Keenan, for Boston, by Adams, Bro. 6-Schr. Noble, Frambes, for Boston, by Adams, Bro. & Co; with naval stores.

Brig H. Curtis, Curtis, for Boston, by Potter & Kidder: with 92,000 feet lumber, 70 bbls. rosin, 25 do. spirits tur-Brig Helen F. Ryder, Paine, for Curacon, by Potter & that the effects of the freshet in the Savannah river Kidder; with 140,000 feet lumber, 25,000 shingles, 25 bbls. 7-U. S. Mail Steamer Gov. Dudley, Bates, for Charlesplanters. There is great activity, however, upon the plantations is preparing for it. On many of the plantations is preparing for it. On many of the plantations is preparing for it. On many of the plantations is prepared to the plantation of the the day, and stacking during the night. There is also DeRosset & Brown. 8-Sehr. Wm. H. Smith, Jones, for New York, by DeRos-Schr. S. R. Potter, Potter, for Boston, by R. G. Rankin; with lumber and naval stores. Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Steadman, for Fayetteville, by U. S. Mail Steamer C. Vanderbilt, Sterett, for Charleston, with 110 passengers. 8 .- Schr. James G. King, Wainright, for Boston, by

> 9-U. S. Mail Steamer Wilmington, Smith, for Charles-ton with 54 passengers. TOPSAIL ACADEMY.

THE fourth scholastic year of this Institute will commence on the 1st day of October next. The services of the Rev. WM. H. CHRISTIAN have again

Spelling, Reading, Writing, first class in English Grammar and Geography. \$7 50
Second class of same, including History and Philosophy. 12 00

Board may be obtained in the immediate vicinity of the Board may be obtained in the Academy, at \$7 per month.

It is desirable that as many of the pupils as conveniently can, who intend entering the School, should be present at that to get.

It is commencement.

NICHOLAS N. NIXON.

President Board of Trustees.

4-31-1-11 to 139 balas.

. Wholesale Prices Current.

AXES,prdoz10 00 a 13 00 MULLETS,

BACON, per pound.	Per barrel, 0 00 a 0 00
Middlings, 124 a 13	NAILS, per lb
Middlings,121 a 13 Shoulders00 a 12	Cut3½ a 4 Wrought8 a 10
Hoground, 00 a 13	NAVAL STORES,
Western, 95 a 115	
BEANS, per bush.	Yellow Dip, 2 80 a 2 85
White, nom a 0 00	*Virgin Dip, .2 80 a 2 85
BEESWAX,	Hard, 1 40 a 1 45
Perpound, 00 a 23 BUTTER,	Tar, 0 00 a 1 90 Pitch, 0 00 a 0 00
Perpound, 20 a 21	Rosin, No.1,0 00 a 0 00
BEEF, per bbl.	Do. No.2, 0 00 a 0 00
N. Mess,00 00 a 20 00	Do. No.3, 0 95 a 1 00
Do. Prime, 0 00 a 0 00	Sp'ts Turp, per
BEEF CATTLE,	Varnish, prgal 20 a 22
Per 100 lbs., .4-50 a 5 00 COTTON,	OIL, per gallon.
Per 1b 0 a 10	Sperm, 1 10 a 1 50
CORN,	Linsced,75 a 85
Perbushel, 00 a 50	Neats Foot, 00 a 1 50
Meal, bush., 70 a S0	PEAS, per bushel.
COFFEE, per lb.	Black Eve 00 a 00
Rio,	2000
Laguyra, 10 a 11	PORK, per barrel.
Cuba, 00 a 00	Mess, 21 00 a 22 00
Java,14 a 15	Prime, 19 00 a 00 00
CANDLES, per lb	POTATOES.
Tallow,14 a 16	Irish, bush, 0 00 a 00
Sperm,45 a 50	Sweet, bush.,00 a 60
	POULTRY. Chiekens, live, 14 a 30
EGGS, per doz., 16 a 20 EMPTY BBLS., each.	Do. dead, 00 a 00
Spts. Turp. 1 35 a 1 50	Turkeys, live, 0 00 a 0 00
FEATHERS,	Do. dead lb 00 a 0 00
Per pound, 00 a 40	RICE, per 100 lbs.
FLOUR, per barrel.	Rough, bush 00 a 00
Northern 5 00 a 7 50 Baltimore 4 874 a 5 25	Rough, bush., .00 a 00 SALT, per bushel.
Baltimore, . 4 87½ a 5 23 Fayetteville, 5 00 a 6 00	Alum00 a 00
HAY, per 100 lbs.	Liv'l sack, 00 a 1 00
North River, . 00 a 00	SOAP, per lb., 4 a 61
Eastern0 00 a 0 00	SHINGLES, per M.
HOLLOW-WARE,	Common, 2 50 a 2 75
Per lb a	Contract, 4 50 a 5 00
IRON, per lb. English, has'd. a 2	STEEL, per 1b.
Ather., best ref. a a 3	
Swede a 5	Blister 6 a
American sheer a 5	STAVES, per M.
Best Swede a 6	W. O. barrel, rough 00 00 a 00 00
No. Carolina, 134 a 14	Ash Head'g 9 00 a 10 00
Western, 12½ a 13	R. O. hbd.,
LIME, per barre!.	dressed,00 00 a 00 00
Thomastown,0 00 a 0 00	Do. rough,00 00 a 00 00
LUMBER, River, per M.	SUGAR, per pound.
Floor, B'ds,00 00 a 12 00	I am a man a
Wide do0 00 a 0 00 Scantling, a 0 00	Total Control
LIQUORS, per gallon.	Loaf91 a 101
N. E. Rum, 32 a - 34	
Gin, 30 a 33	Shipping
Whiskey, rec20 a 21	Mill, prime .6 00 a 8 75
Apple Brandy, 375 a 55	
	Per pound, 7 a 8
1	
MILL SAWS.	Madeira, 70 a 5 00
lleavy east steel,	Port, 90 a 4 00
6ft., best qual'y a 5 00	Malaga,45 a 60
Nore -River Lumber, T	ar, and Turpentine, sold in the
water, are subject to the	expense of landing, inspection,
· connerage &c : say on Lum	ber, 80 cents to \$1 per M .: Tar

val stores, when brought per railroad, about the same expenses are incurred. *For dry Virgin or mixed Turpentine, a in front of the Carolina Hotel. THOS. C. CRAFT. The Earthquake at Santiago de Cuba-Later from | deduction is made according to quality.

Wilmington Bank Rates of Exchange. Baltimore 1 per cent. | Philadelphia 1 per cent New York 1 " Virginia 1 " " Boston..... 1 " Charleston 2

PRETCHTS:

Pieritalia:			
TO NEW YORK.		2	
Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, \$ 25	n.	\$	30
Spirits Turpentine,do00	a		50
Rice, per 100 pounds, gross00	a		15
Cotton, per bale, 0 75	a	1	00
Cotton goods and yarns, per foot,	23.		6
Flaxseed, per cask,	a		90
Ground Peas, per bushel,	a		6
Lumber, per M.,	a	7	00
TO PHILADELPHIA.			
Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, 30	n		35
Spirits Turpentine,do00	n.		55
Ground Peas, per bushel,	a		6
Lumber, per M., as to size 5 00	2	C	00
Cotton goods and yarns, per cubic foot,6	2		0
TO BOSTON.			
Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, 40			45
Spirits Turpentine,do60	a		65
Lumber, per M	n	9	00

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKET, FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 9, 1852.

BACON.-Stock of both North Carolina and Western i fair, and sales in lots to suit at cuotations. See table. Corn.-We know of no arrival of Corn since our last weekly report, and have only 1200 bushels to report as having changed hands, which went at 50 cents. The stock in store is heavy,

Monday last at 10 cents per lb. FLOUR .- Fair stock of the usual brands, except Fayettteville, which is somewhat scarce, and price advanced about

50 cents per barrel. See table for quotations. LUMBER .- Sales of 3 rafts river flooring boards at \$12 per M., on Monday. LARD. - Stock light, and the article is now scarce.

Liquons .- Whiskey has advanced a shade. See table. Naval Store market has experienced considerable fluctuasales of only 186 bbls. to report, at \$2 80 a \$2 85, yesterday Sept. 10 evening. A small lot went this morning at \$2 S0, with, evening. A small lot went this morning at \$2.50, with some 1200 bbls, on the market, and little or no disposition WE are receiving our Fall Supply of Groceries, Fruit, Some 1200 bbls, on the market, and little or no disposition Cigars, Hardware, Cutlery, Dry Goods, Negro Cloths, amongst buyers to operate at the price the article is held.— &c., consisting in part of— Coffee—Laguyra, Rio, Porto Rico, and Java. dency. The sales of the week foot up about 3,236 bbls.; at the above quotations. Spirits Turpentine-Our reports of sales for the week foot up fully 1,400 barrels. On Thursday evening sales were reported at 36½ cents, and some parcels on private terms; Friday, at 37 a 37 1; Monday, at 38; Tueson private terms; Friday, at 57 a 374; Monday, at 38; Tues-Allspice; Ginger; Cassia; Cloves; Nutmegs; &c.; Cheese; day, 374 a 384 cents per gallon. We have nothing to report Pilot and Navy Bread; Soda Biscuit; Lemon and Sugar for Wednesday and this (Thursday) morning; holders, how- Crackers. ever, seem firm in asking higher rates than quoted above, though buyers manifest no disposition to meet sellers--consequently there has been nothing doing in the article from Tuesday up to the time of going to press. The stock in first hands is small. Rosin .- No sales this week. Tan .-

A small lot has been taken at \$1 90 per barrel. TIMBER .- Market dull. Sales duving the week, as wanted by millers, at prices ranging within our classified figures. SALT. - We note a sale of 300 sacks on Friday last at \$1

SHINGLES .- Small sales of common cypress Shingles at \$2 50 a \$2 75 per M. But little demand. Sale of 30,000 contract do. at \$4 per M.

FREIGHTS-Are plenty, and but few vessels in port. No

In other articles we have no change to notice, and would refer to our table for prices.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 6 .- Nothing doing to-day in Flour It was held at \$4 37% before the arrival of the Arctic, and after at \$4 25-but buyers offered 12 lc. less, and no sales were made. Red wheat 92 a 94c, and 93 a 100c. according to quality. White Corn at 63c., and yellow at 67 a 68. Oats 33 a 35c. Bacon sides 104c; shoulders 94 a 94c. Lard

in bbls. 11 kc.; do in kegs 12 a 13c. Whiskey 254 cents. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8 - A small lot of old stock Flour sold at \$4 374 per bbl. Fresh ground is held at \$4 50 A sale of 500 bbls. Brandywine Meal was made at \$3 75 per bbl. 2 a 3000 bushels Red Wheat sold at \$1 a \$1 02 for new and \$1 03 for old; and \$1 06 per bushel for prime old Penn sylvania White. A small sale of Rye at 72 cents. 1500 bush els Yellow Corn sold at 724 a 73 cents, and some White at 70 cents. Whiskey-Sales of bbls. at 24 cents, which is a NEW YORK, Sept. 4 - Naval Stores. - We note further sales of 3000 bbls. North County Turpentine at \$3 25 per

Shipping & Com. List. NEWBERN, Sept. 3 -A rise in the river has caused more animation in the Turpentine market, and prices have considerably advanced. Sales are now being made at \$2,85 for Old Dip; \$3,10 for virgin. Corn .- Several lots have been secured at an increased salary, having during the past been received during the week; sales amounting to several

Tur. \$2 25, affoat ; and 160 do. \$2 55, in order, delivered .-

WASHINGTON, N. C., Sept. 3.—Naval Stores.—This article has advanced considerably since last week's report. owing to some late and favorable advices from New York Three or four flat loads have been disposed of at \$2.70 a \$2.72 per bbl. of 230 lbs. for old Dip; \$1,59 a \$1,65 for Tar, and \$1,35 for Scrape. No change in other articles worthy of note.

FAYETTEVILLE, Sept. 6 .- Bacon-The stock on hand becoming light, and not much offering. We advance our quotations. Beeswax-We advance on this article to correspond with sales. Cotton—Considerable sold last week principally at 9½ to 9‡. Corn—Not much on hand; present quotations easily obtained. Flour-Present marks rather

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.-Frein Wright LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—From Wright; Gandy & Co.'s Circular, Aug. 24. P. M.—Cotton, since the 21st inst., has been comparatively quiet, while the denoted is freely met at full current prices. Sales during the three days of 17.000 bales, of which speculators took 5000 and exporters 1,500 bales. The quotations are—Fair Orleans 61 a 61d.; Middling 51 a 52d.; Fair Upland 6 a 61d.; Middling 51 52d. Aug. 25.—Market opened with a fair demand; sales will probably reach 6,000 or 7,000 bales; prices steady.

Liverpool Corn Market, Aug. 21.—White Indian corn may be quoted rather higher, and yellow rather chesper; the demand is, however, quite in retail. Several earsoes on

the demand is, however, quite in retail. Several eargoes on their passage and arrived have been sold at 6d. per quarter decline. United States mixed and red 5s. 9d. a 6s. 3d., white 6s. 2d. a 6s. 8d.; Canadian mixed and red 5s. 9d. a 6s. 3d., white 6s. a 6s. 5d. HAVANA, Aug. 23 - Since our report of 18th inst., the transactions in Sugar have been on a very small scale, and the market has presented a quiet appearance. The prices have, however, remained usaltered, and we place our quotations as before: ordinary and middling Whites 7% to 85 rls; good to fine Whites 8% to 95 rls.; Yellows 6% to 7 rs.; superi-

good to fine Whites \$\frac{3}{2}\$ to \$\frac{9}{2}\$ rls.; Yellows \$\frac{5}{2}\$ to 7 rs.; superior Yellows \$7\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$7\frac{3}{2}\$ rs.; Browns \$\frac{5}{4}\$ to 6 rs.; Cueuruchos \$4\frac{5}{2}\$ to 5\frac{5}{2}\$ rs. A few small lots of Muscovadoes were taken at \$4\frac{5}{2}\$ to 5 rials, according to quality. The last sales of Molusses were at 2 rs., on the coast. Lard has been selling in small lots at \$17\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$18\frac{1}{2}\$. The transactions in Rice amount to about 510 casks by retail, at \$14\$, \$14\frac{1}{2}\$, \$14\frac{1}{2}\$ and \$14\frac{7}{2}\$ rs., of which \$100\$ casks were part of \$240\$ casks imported since our last. There are on hand \$140\$ casks and some Manilla.—About \$700,000\$ feet W. Pine Lumber came in, and realised \$27\$ for a cargo of wide Boards from New Brunswick, while four cargoes from Portland were taken at \$26\frac{1}{2}\$ for wide and \$24\$ for narrow. A cargo of P. Pine from Mobile arrived on contract. We are not aware of any transactions in Box Shooks, and in Hides. Shooks 200 fair city Molasses changed. Shooks, and in Hhds. Shooks 200 fair city Molasses changed hands at 17 rs., and 100 at 174 rs. and 200 Muscovarios of extra large size at 23. In other, Cooperage, stock little or nothing was done. Freights are very dult. We hear of an offer of £2 to Trieste, which we believe has so far not been accepted. The last engagements to the United States were at 50c. per box. Exchange on London 12 per ct. prem.; New York and Boston par to 1 per ct. discount.

MRS. LAURA ROTHWELL: WILL re-commence her school for young Ladies, on Monday the 4th of October.

A competent assistant will be employed, in the Primary Department. Pive or six pupils may be accommodated with board, in Mrs. ROTHWELL'S l'amily. The terms of thition will be as follows. For a quarter, of three months, (the charge to commono of the day of entrance, and deduction made only in cases of protracted sickness or absence from

Phird Class.... Fourth Class.....\$4

Fuel for each pupil 50 ets. per quarter, or \$1 per season.

Board \$12 per month, an extra charge to be made for Sept. 9th, 1852

NOTICE. THE subscriber begs leave to return his thanks to his town said country friends for the liberal patronage he has received from them for the past year, and would respectfully inform them that he has just returned from the North with his FALL AND WINTER STOCK, which he is now receiving, and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same. He has on hand the following a-

mong other articles.
20 bbls. Whiskey;
10 "Rum; 20 bags Coffee; 10 bbls. Fork; 5 fickins Butter; 20 boxes Cheese; 20 bbls. Sugar, different grades; 50 Flour, fine and super;

50 bags extra family Flour; Wines, Brandy, Gin, Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Indigo, Nutmegs, Mess Beef, Mackerel, Shoes, Spun Yarn, Fancy Prints, Flannels, Winter Goods for pants, Cutlery, Crocket ry, Sheeting, Shirting, Blankets, Buckets, Brooms, Soap, andles, &c., and many other articles too tedious to men-Wilmington, Sept. 10th, 1852.

MACHINE FOR CRUSHING, GRINDING and PUL-VERIZING, recently patented in this country and En-rope. COCHRAN'S PLANEOSPHERICAL QUARTZ CRUSHING AND PULVERIZING MACHINES are now in daily operation for the inspection of the public, and will be submitted to any reasonable practical tests proposed by parties interested.

by parties interested.

These machines, by their simplicity of construction, their durability, the undoubted principles upon which they operate, their effective operation and result, are justly entitled to the consideration of all parties engaged in grinding, crushing and PULVERIZING QUARTZ, from ore, zinc, cepper, and lead ores, and all other mineral substances. It is the peculiar feature of the economy of these machines that they are found cap ble of crushing and pulverizing into the finest pawder, any amount of Quartz or other earthy matter, in proportion to the amount of weight or power applied. The earthy matter is so completely ground and pulverized, that the gold may be easily separated, and subjected to any process of amalgamation that may be necessary.

The machines work and deliver, wet or dry, as may be required and run with little feighting. Their almost either the control and run with little feighting. quired, and run with little friction, (being almost without machinery.) requiring no lubricating; the principle upon which they operate pregludes the possibility of their being

put out of order; nor do they heat any material while being pulverized. They are at once applicable for all purposes of grinding and pulverizing, from those required by the DRUG-GIST to those of the most extensive operations in CALL-FORNIA and AUSTRALIA. The machines are from 2 to 12 feet in diameter, with balls or spheres from 3 inches to 5 feet in diameter, each machine weighing from 250 lbs. to 20 tons each, and are sold with the right to use them at from \$100 to \$5,000 each. They can be worked by steam, water, horse, or manual power, according to their size; and by changing the velocity.

and proportioning the weight on the top of the balls, any a-mount of power may be used, from that of a single man, or horse, poward. Corron.-We note the sale of 55 bales of Cotton on The proprietors of this invention solicit examination, and will prove by practical tests the vast superiority and economy of these machines over any other; for crushing, grinding ilverizing, heretofore offered to the public. These machines may be seen in operation at the foot of South 8th st., Williamsburg, at the large Patent Block and Saw Factory of Messrs. Burr, Waterman & Co., first street

south of Peck-slip Ferry, every day, from 7 to 9 A. M., and from 4 to 6 P. M. For further particulars apply to E. & J. BUSSING & CO., No. 92 Chiff-st., N. Y. Sept. 10, 1852 NAVAL STORES—Since our report of last Thursday the Last SACRAMENTO Tobacco, old and prime. For sale Naval Store market has experienced considerable fluctuation, both in the raw material and Spirits. We note sales of raw Turpentine on Friday of 700 bbls. at \$2 75 for soft Hags, by WILKINSON & ESLER

and yellow dip; Saturday, 800 do. at \$2 80; Monday, 750 do. at \$2 80 a \$2 90; Tuesday and Wednesday, 800 do. at \$60 for sale by \$10 WILKINSON & ESLERA \$2 90. Sales during the same time of hard at \$1 40 a \$1 45 per 280 lbs. The market closed dull yesterday, and we have Sept. 10 WILKINSON & ESLER.

Sugars-Porto Rico, and New Orleans, Double Refined.

Loaf, Crushed, Powdered, Granulated and Clarified. Tens, of all varieties, Green and Black.
Butter; Lard; Soap No. I and Toilet;
Sperm, Adamantine, Wax and Mould Candles;
Colgate's Pearl Starch; bags and boxes Salts Pepper;

OILS: Sperm, winter strained and Elephant; Olive; in baskets, bottles and betties; Castor, in barrels and bottle LIQUORS. Brandy, Rum, Gin, Whiskey, Wines and Cordials.

MULLETS.

A large supply on hand, September size.

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE.

Willow Cabs, Covd. and open Baskets;
Cedar and painted Tubs and Buckets: Flour Pails, iron bound and barred balf-bushel measures; Nest Measures, Well Buckets, Axe Helves, Cocoa Dippers, Lamp Wick, Twine, Bed Cord, Wash Boards, Rolling Pins, Fancy Bird Cages, 100 gross Matches, &c. OILS, PAINTS AND PAINT BRUSHES.

6 doz. Ground Paint Brushes: 2,000 lbs. Binck and White Lead erdigris, raw and boiled Oil. **Sometry Kags, 5 and 10 gaffons.

. HARDWARE AND CUTLICRY.

Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Curry Combs, Gun Caps; Weeding, Lice and Grubbing Hoes; Frying Pans, Coffee Mills, Weights and Scales, Forks, Shovels, Spades, Seives, Axes.

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHINGS. Osnaburgs, Drillings, Demins, Blankets, Georgia Plains,

Raisins, Currants, Citron, Prunes, Almonds, Canton Gir-

200 reams, all sizes, Wrapping Paper; 20 do. Letter, Cap and Bill do. TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS. 6 cases fine Chewing Tobacco; Half barrels Snuff; 50,000 No. I brands Cigars.

CHANDLERY.

Blocks, Hooks and Thimbles, Manilla, Hemp and Cotton Cordage, Oakum. Oars, Leather, &c., &c. For sale by Sept. 9 [Her & Com copy] HOWARD & PEDEN.

NOW LANDING, ex. Schr. Dacotah, from New York:—
40 bbls. Mess Pork;
20 centra sup. Flour, whole and half bbls.;
5 bbds. Sugar flouse Molasses; 15 bbls. Biscuit, Butter, Soda and Sugar; 20 boxes Chese;

20 boxes Chese;
200 Reams Wrapping Paper;
5 bbls. supr. Old Monongahela Whiskey;
5 quarter casks sweet Malaga Wine;
10 half bbls. No. 1 Mackerel: Also—
Smoked Beef; Tongues; Corned Beef; Smoked and Pickled Salmon; Sauces; Mocha and Java Coffee; Gunny Bags;
Soine Twine, and a variety of other articles, forestly by Seine Twine, and a variety of other articles, for sale by Sept. 8th. FREEMAN & HOUSTON.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—June Term, 1852.

It is considered by the Court, that the rule by which the order in which the dockets shall be taken up, be rescinded, and it is ordered as one of the general rules of this Court, that hereafter, the cases on the State docket shall be first tried, and when that docket shall be concluded, the Court will proceed with the trial of the cases on the appeal docket, and the cases on these two dockets being disposed of, the Court will then hear the causes on the regular trial docket.

L. H. MARSTELLER, Clerk.

July 22d.—[46-tc] [Herald and Com. copy weekly]

CHARLESTON, Sept. 6 -Cotton. - The market was very quiet on Saturday, the transactions having been limited A Apple Brandy. For sale by to 130 bales, at 114 and 12m and the state of the lights and the lights and the light and the Housewere

Whatesin can